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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CRITICAL HARDWARE

NUMBER: M8-1MR-8M009-X

9/1/95

REVISION:

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MECHANICAL - EDS

PART NAME	PART NUMBER
VENDOR NAME	VENDOR NUMBER

VENDOR NAME

VENDOR NUMBE

LRU : ASSY, DISPLACEMENT SENS/LOCKING 33U.5325.005

NPO-ENERGIA 33U.5325.005

LRU : ASSY, DISPLACEMENT SENS/LOCKING 33U.5325.005-01

NPO-ENERGIA 33U.5325.005-01

SRU : FIXER 33Y.6662.002

NPO-ENERGIA 33Y.6662.002

PART DATA

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS: DISPLACEMENT SENSOR/LOCKING (DIFFERENTIAL) ASSEMBLY FIXER

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS:

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 2 TWO

FUNCTION:

CONTAINED WITHIN THE EACH DISPLACEMENT SENSOR/LOCKING ASSEMBLY OF THE DIFFERENTIAL, THE FIXER BYPASSES THE SPRING MECHANISM TO ALLOW DIRECT COUPLING OF THE DIFFERENTIAL ASSEMBLY TO LOCK THE DOCKING RING IN ITS ALIGNED POSITION. WHEN POWER IS APPLIED TO THE FIXER WINDINGS A MAGNETIC FIELD IS CREATED WHICH EXTENDS A ROD TO MECHANICALLY COUPLE THE TWO INDIVIDUAL DIFFERENTIAL SEGMENTS TO PROVIDE SYNCHRONIZED ROTATION, (LIMITING RING MOVEMENT IN THE PITCH AND YAW DIRECTIONS), THUS MAINTAINING THE RING IN ITS ALIGNED POSITION (ALIGNMENT IN RESPECT TO ITS OWN MECHANISM). WHEN POWER IS REMOVED, A SPRING RETRACTS THE ROD WHICH UNCOUPLES BOTH DIFFERENTIAL SEGMENTS, ALLOWING THE DIFFERENTIAL TO MOVE NORMALLY.

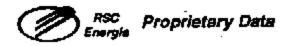
SERVICE IN BETWEEN PLIGHT AND MAINTENANCE CONTROL: SERVICEABILITY CONTOL, DOCKING WITH CALIBRATING DOCKING MECHANISM.

MAINTAINABILITY

REPAIR METHOD - NONE (REPAIRING IN MANUFACTURING CONDITIONS ONLY).

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS: 33U.5325.006

33U.5325.005-01 33U.6662.002



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| FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: M8-1MR-BM009-02

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REVISION

9/1/95

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MECHANICAL - EDS

ITEM NAME: FIXER, DIFFERENTIAL

LRU: DISPLACEMENT SENSOR/LOCKING ASSEMBLY

CRITICALITY OF THIS

FAILURE MODE: 2/2

FAILURE MODE: FAILS TO UNLOCK

MISSION PHASE:

00

ON-ORBIT

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY: 104 ATLANTIS

CAUSE

MULTIPLE SPRING FAILURES DUE TO MÉCHANICAL/THERMAL SHOCK OR MANUFACTURE/MATERIAL DEFECT, JAMMED ROD DUE TO CONTAMINATION

CRITICALITY 1/1 OURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

CRITICALITY 1R2 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY (AVIONICS ONLY)? N/A

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) N/A

B) N/A

C) NA

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

A)

ΝŽΑ

<u>بر</u>

N/A

C)

N/A

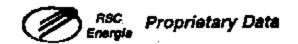
METHOD OF FAULT DETECTION:

NONE PRIOR TO CAPTURE, ANALYSIS OF TELEMETRY DATA TO EVALUATE A FAILURE TO CAPTURE MAY IDENTIFY A LOCKED FIXER AS THE CAUSE. SENSORS WILL MONITOR POWER TO ALL FIXERS AND PROVIDE THE INFORMATION FOR GROUND MONITORING THROUGH TELEMETRY DATA.

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

LOSS OF CAPABILITY TO MOVE ONE SEGMENT OF THE DIFFERENTIAL INDEPENDENT OF THE OTHER, DOCKING RING BECOMES LESS MOVEABLE IN THE PITCH AND YAW DIRECTIONS DURING CAPTURE IF FAILURE OCCURS PRIOR TO CAPTURE. NO EFFECT ON MATING OF THE TWO DOCKING MECHANISMS IF FAILURE OCCURS AFTER RING RETRACTION FOLLOWING CAPTURE.



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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: M8-1MR-BM009- 02

(a) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

EXCESSIVE LOADS INCURRED DURING DOCKING, AS THE RESULT OF A SINGLE DIFFERENTIAL FIXER BEING LOCKED PRIOR CAPTURE, COULD PROPAGATE TO EXTERNAL AIRLOCK AND ORBITER STRUCTURE.

(C) MISSION:

A SINGLE LOCKED FIXER ADDS STIFFNESS TO THE RING WHICH AFFECTS DYNAMICS OF CAPTURE. WORST CASE IS THE INABILITY TO PERFORM CAPTURE GIVEN A FAILURE TO UNLOCK A SINGLE FIXER, RESULTING IN THE LOSS OF DOCKING CAPABILITIES. LOSS OF ORBITER/MIR MISSION OBJECTIVES WITH FAILURE TO PERFORM DOCKING.

(D) CREW, YEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

NO EFFECT ON CREW AND ORBITER STRUCTURE. HOWEVER, EXCESSIVE LOADS COULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO BOTH ORBITER AND MIR DOCKING MECHANISMS.

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

N/A

DESIGN CRITICALITY (PRIOR TO OPERATIONAL DOWNGRADE, DESCRIBED IN Ft. 2/2

(F) RATIONALE FOR CRITICALITY CATEGORY DOWNGRADE:

N/A (THERE ARE NO WORKAROUNDS TO CIRCUMVENT THIS FAILURE.)

-DISPOSITION RATIONALE-

(A) DESIGN:

DIFFERENTIAL FIXERS ARE NORMALLY UNLOCKED WHEN POWER IS REMOVED BY A SPRING THAT RETRACTS THE ROD. DESIGN OF THE SPRING IS SUCH THAT MULTIPLE BREAKS ARE REQUIRED TO LOSE ITS CAPABILITY. THE PRELOAD ON THE SPRING ALLOWS FOR TWO BREAKS TO OCCUR AND STILL PERMITS THE FIXER TO FUNCTION PROPERLY. FIXERS ARE NORMALLY IN THE UNLOCKED POSITION. A FAILURE TO UNLOCK A FIXER CAN OCCUR MECHANICALLY DURING RING MOVEMENT TO ITS INITIAL POSITION PRIOR TO CAPTURE. FIXERS ARE LOCKED WHENEVER THE RING IS MOVED.

LOAD ANALYSIS HAS SHOWN THAT IN THREE OF THE SIX DOCKING CASES MODELED, THE DOCKING RING DID NOT CAPTURE AS THE RESULT OF A SINGLE DIFFERENTIAL FIXER BEING ENGAGED PRIOR TO CAPTURE.

(B) TEST:

DOCKING MECHANISM ACCEPTANCE TESTS:

- 1. DOCKING MECHANISM CHECKOUT (STATIC) TEST RING IS EXTENDED AND RETRACTED AS NECESSARY TO FULLY TEST ITS OPERATION DURING A SINGLE DOCKING. FIXERS ARE TURNED OFF WHEN THE RING REACHES IT'S INITIAL POSITION AND A FORCE IS APPLIED TO THE RING TO SIMULATE LOADS THAT CAN OCCUR DURING RING CAPTURE AND MATING OF THE TWO MECHANISMS. THIS TEST WILL VERIFY THAT THE FIXERS ARE NOT LOCKED UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS.
- 2. THERMO VACUUM TEST DOCKING OF THE MECHANISM IS THERMALLY CYCLED, UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS, FROM +20°C TO -50'-55°C TO +50'+55°C TO +20°C IN A VACUUM AT 10°T TO 10°5 TORR. DWELL AT EACH TEMPERATURE AND BETWEEN OPERATIONS AT EACH TEMPERATURE IS A MINIMUM OF 60 MINUTES AFTER STABILIZATION. OPERATIONS INCLUDES PERFORMING DOCKING WHICH



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IS ACCOMPLISHED AT A SPEED OF 0.15M/SEC BETWEEN THE SIMULATOR AND MOVEABLE PLATFORM (CONTAINING THE DOCKING MECHANISM). A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT TIME OF CAPTURE.

3. VIBRORESISTENT TEST - APOS SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING VIBRATION LEVELS FOR 2 MINUTES PER AXIS:

[FREQUENCY (HZ)	SPECTORAL DENSITY ACCELERATION
ſ	FROM 20 TO 80	INCREASING, 308 OCTAVE TO 0.04G2/HZ
Ī	FROM 80 TO 350	PERMANENT 0.04G2/HZ
ſ	FROM 350 TO 2000	DECREASING 3DB OCTAVE WITH 0.04G2/HZ

SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE.

4. CONTROLLED DOCKING TEST - CONTROLLED DOCKING IS PERFORMED UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS. THIS TESTS WILL DETECT A LOCKED FIXER DURING THE CAPTURE PROCESS.

DOCKING MECHANISM QUALIFICATION TESTS:

- 1. OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST FIXER OPERATION VERIFIED BY THE ULTIMATE TRANSLATIONAL LOAD TEST. WITH RING IN ITS INITIAL POSITION FIXERS ARE TURNED OFF AND A 700 KGF LOAD IS APPLIED PARALLEL TO THE SEAL INTERFACE. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME. THE SYSTEM IS THEN INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF DAMAGE OR DEGRADATION.
- 2. SHOCK AND SAWTOOTH LOADING STRENGTH TEST DOCKING MECHANISM IS SUBJECTED TO 20G TERMINAL SAWTOOTH SHOCK PULSES IN EACH AXIS, 3 PULSES IN EACH DIRECTION FOR A TOTAL OF 8 PULSES/AXIS. AFTER COMPLETION AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN GITP TEST 21 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.
- 3. TRANSPORTABILITY STRENGTH TEST SHIPPING LOADS ARE SIMULATED ON A VIBRATING TABLE TO VERIFY THAT THE DOCKING MECHANISM WILL NOT BE DAMAGED DURING SHIPMENT. THIS TEST IS CONDUCTED UNDER THE CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

١	VIBRATION	VIBRATION		FREQUENCY BUBBAND, HZ				TOTAL TEST	
- [ACCELER	ACCELER	5-7	7-16	15-30	8	40-60	DURA	TION
•	DIRECTION	AMPLITUDE						Ē	MIN
H	ALONG X-AXIS	1.4		4	-	-	-	-	4
7		1.2	76	93	83	S1	39	5	7
f	ALONG Y-AXIS	1,1		4	-	-	-	-	4
1		1.0	13	16	7	10	7	_	53
1	ALONG Z-AXIS	1.1	_	4	-	-	1	_	4
1		1,0	32	40	16	26	16	. 2	10

SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN OTP TEST #1 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.



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4. COLD AND HEAT RESISTANCE TEST - DOCKING OF THE MECHANISM IS THERMALLY CYCLED, UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS, FROM +20°C TO -50'-55°C TO +50'+55°C TO +20°C IN A VACUUM AT 10⁻⁴ TO 10⁻⁵ TORR. DWELL AT EACH TEMPERATURE AND BETWEEN OPERATIONS AT EACH TEMPERATURE IS A MINIMUM OF 50 MINUTES AFTER STABILIZATION. FIVE CYCLES WERE PERFORMED AGAINST THE GUIDE RING EXTEND AND FINAL POSITION MECHANICAL STOPS FOR 10 SECONDS EACH. DOCKING PARAMETERS ARE SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

<u> </u>	DOCKING	SIMULATOR				PRESS
SEQ	RATE,	ROTATIONAL ANGLE		TEMP	VOLTAGE	INTEGRITY
NQ.	M/S	PITCH	ROLL	-c	VOLTS	CHECKOUT
1	0.10	ô	0°	25 +/-10	23	YES
2	0.10	D*	4*	25 +/-10	34	8
3	0.12	4°	4°	25 +/-10	27	- W
4-				+60+/-5		YES
4	0.10	40	D.	+50+/-5 .	27	YES
5*				-(60+/-5)	_	YES
5	0.10	4°	D°	-(30+/-5)	27	YES
6-		_		+60+/-5	_	YES
6	0.12	D°	40	+50+/-5	23	YES
7"			_	-(60+/-5)		YES
7	0.10	0°	4"	-(30 +/-5)	23	YES
8-			T —	+60+/-5	_	YES
₽	0.12	4°	4°	50 +/-6	34	YES
9+	· -		\Box	-(60+/-5)	_	YES
	0.12	4*	4°	-(30 +/-5)	34	YES
10-				+60+/-5		YES
10	0.10	4*	O.	+60+/-5	27	YES
111			٠	-(60+/-5)		YEŞ
11	0.10	٥	49	-(30 +/-5)	27	YES
12"		·		+60+/-5		YES
12*	0.10	0	4*	+50+/-5	27	YES
13*				-(60+/-5)		YES
13°	0.12	/ 4°	4*	-(30 +/-5)	27	YES
14*		<u> </u>		+60+/-5		YES
14"	0.12	4°	4°	+50+/-5	27	YES
15*	0.12	4°	4*	+25+/-10	23	Y€9

"MC821-0087-2001, -4001, & -5001 ONLY

AFTER COMPLETION AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN QTP TEST #1 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.

5. VIBRATION STRENGTH TEST - APDS SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING VIBRATION LEVELS IN EACH AXIS FOR A 400 SECOND DURATION SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS



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DEFINED IN QTP TEST #1 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD SE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.

FREQUENCY (HZ)	SPECTORAL DENSITY ACCELERATION
FROM 20 TO 80	INCREASING, 3DB OCTAVE TO 0.067G2/HZ
FROM 80 TO 350	CONSTANT 0.067G2/HZ
FROM 350 TO 2000	DECREASING 3DS OCTAVE WITH 0.067G2/HZ

- 6. APDS SERVICEABILITY TEST IN A SIX-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM DYNAMIC TEST-THE SIX-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM DYNAMIC TEST VERIFIES APDS DOCKING AND UNDOCKING OPERATIONS UNDER CLOSE-TO-FULL-SCALE CONDITIONS, STATIC MOTION OF ENTITIES IS SIMULATED UNDER SPECIFIC INERTIAL AND GEOMETRICAL PARAMETERS FOR VARIOUS INITIAL CONDITIONS FOR MIR/SHUTTLE DOCKING, A TOTAL OF 20 DOCKINGS IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED DURING ABSORPTION OF ENERGY OF RELATIVE MOVEMENT ASSOCIATED WITH EACH DOCKING. SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOCKE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN CITP TEST #1 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.
- 7. TARGET SERVICE LIFE TEST TESTS ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER DOCKING AND UNDOCKING OPERATIONS OVER ITS LIFE OF 100 DOCKINGS. PROPER OPERATION OF THE FIXERS VERIFIED DURING 100 DOCKING AND UNMATING CYCLES (FOR MC621-0067-1001/-3001 UNITS ONLY). FOR MC621-0067-2001, -4001, & -5001 UNITS PROPER OPERATION VERIFIED DURING 386 CYCLES (44 VACUUM/LOAD CYCLES, 16 LOAD CYCLES, & 324 NO-LOAD CYCLES). A LOCKED FIXER WOULD SE DETECTED DURING CAPTURE. SUSSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN CITP TEST #1 ABOVE, IS PERFORMED. A LOCKED FIXER WOULD BE DETECTED AT THIS TIME.
- 8. CONTROL DISASSEMBLY UPON COMPLETION OF ALL QUAL TESTING THE DOCKING MECHANISM IS DISMANTLED AND ALL FIXER OPERATING SURFACES ARE CHECKED FOR EVIDENCE OF WEAR ON FAILURE.

OMRSD - TURNAROUND CHECKOUT TESTING IS ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMRSD.

(C) INSPECTION:
RECEIVING INSPECTION
COMPONENTS ARE SUBJECTED TO A 100% RECEIVING INSPECTION PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

CONTAMINATION CONTROL.
CORROSION PROTECTION PROVISIONS AND CONTAMINATION CONTROL VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. CHECK OF ROOM CLEANLINESS; PARTS WASHING AND OTHER OPERATIONS OF THE TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS WHICH PROVIDES CLEANLINESS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.



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CRITICAL PROCESSES ANODIZING, HEAT TREATING, SOLDERING, CHEMICAL PLATING, AND CURING VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

ASSEMBLY/INSTALLATION
TORQUE, ADJUSTMENTS AND TOLERANCES ACCORDING TO TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS
OF THE DRAWINGS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

TESTING ATP/OTP/OMRSD TESTING VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

HANDLING/PACKAGING HANDLING/PACKAGING PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENT FOR SHIPMENT VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

(D) FAILURE HISTORY:
DATA ON TEST FAILURES, UNEXPLAINED ANOMALIES, AND OTHER FAILURES
EXPERIENCED DURING GROUND PROCESSING OF ODS DOCKING MECHANISMS CAN BE
FOUND IN PRACA DATA BASE.

(E) OPERATIONAL USE: NONE

- APPROVALS -

DESIGN ENGINEER DESIGN MANAGER

NASA SS/MA

NASA SUBSYSTEM MANAGER

M. NIKOLAYEVA A. SOUBCHEV