FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TYC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 1 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE C/C/CLA does not respond to any mmand via the A7 panel on the plink C/C Command Detector. Sync Stripper. Clock Divider Chain. Sync Generator. 2294880-504 FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, focus, zoom, iris. (3) Loss of high or rate of travel for Plint Case: Loss of mission critical video due to inability to position camera for position camera for position camera for processing the process of the command page 1.		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE DESIGN FEATURE	
2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 4 Sync/CMD Rcvr. 2294883-503 5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Output Voltage Regulators. 7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 3 Master Oscillator 2295527-1	desired FOV.	Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for the Shu specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This document defin ments for selection and control of EEE parts. To the maximum with availability, all parts have been selected from military JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall selection general purpose preferred parts has been defined by this docum ment Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the case of the microcircuits, devices are screened and tested to the MIL-STD-procured under the designations of HI-REL/3WQ and SNC 54LS frow Instruments Corp, respectively. Parts not included in the abouted in the design only after a nonstandard item approval form pared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering (RAE) and the specific application(s) defined in the NSIAF by NASA-JSC.	t defines the program require- aximum extent, and consistent litary specifications at the lection criteria, a subset of s document and the RCA Govern- of the CHOS and ITL family of IL-STD-883C equivalent and 4LS from RCA-SSD and Texas the above documents have been al form (NSIAF) has been pre- RAE) and approved for use in
		Worst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and doc designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margin- conditions. The analysis was worst case—in that the va- parameters was set to limits that will drive the output. A component application review and analysis was conduct- stress on each piece part by the temperature extremes in qualification testing does not exceed the stress deration 2295503. In addition, an objective examination of the design was	s exist for all operating lue for each of the variable to a maximum (or minimum). ed to verify that the applied dentified with environmental ng values identified in RCA
	· " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CDR to verify the ''- TVC/Lens assembly met specificat ments.	ion and contractual require-

FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE TVC/CLA does not respond to any command via the A7 panel on the uplink IVC Al Command Detector. Sync Stripper. Clock Divider Chain. Sync Generator. 2294880-504 A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 A4 Sync/CMD Rcvr. 2294884-503 A5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 A13 Master Oscillator 2295527-1	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., focus, zoom, iris. (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video due to inability to position camera for desired fOV.	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE BESIGN FEATURE (Continued) BARE BOARD DESIGN (A1, A4, A5, A6, A7) The design of the associated boards A1, A4, A5, A6, A7 are constructed copper-clad epoxy glass sheets (NEMA G-10) Grade FR-4). PER MIL-P-55617 connections are made through printed traces which run from point to point board surfaces. Every trace terminates at an annular ring. The annula surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the surrounds the surrounds the hole in which a component lead or terminal is located. The surrounds the	

2294821-503

TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. ________ CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET 3 OF _ CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT **FAILURE MODE AND** RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE DESIGN FEATURE (Continued) (1) No Pan Tilt Motion TVC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the BARE BOARD CONSTRUCTION (A2) focus, zoom, iris. uplink (3) Loss of high or low The boards are of "welded wire" construction. At the bare board level this does not rate of travel for PTU. IVC A) Command Detector. Worst Case: Sync Stripper. Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. video due to inability Sync Generator. to position camera for 2294880-504 & construction techniques used in PC board layout apply. desired FOV. A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. BOARD ASSEMBLY (A2) Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 A4 Sync/CMD Rovr. 2294884-503 A5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 by drawing notes and the assembly is coated with urethane. Al3 Master Oscillator 2295527-1 PC boards. BOARD PLACEMENT The A7-A low voltage power supply board is bolted in place at 6 points around its module.

distinguish it from a normal PC board except that holes which will take weld pins generally are not connected to PC traces. Only those pins which bring power and ground potentials to the ICs are on PCs. An annular ring surrounds the hole in the board where each power and ground pin is located. These pins are then soldered to the trace like any other component lead. Aside from this feature, all design

The drilled and etched boards are populated with several hundred solderable or weldable pins. Power and ground pins, as well as connector pins, are soldered in place. Discreet components (resistors, diodes, capacitors) are attached to bifurcated terminals, where they are soldered. Flatpack ICs are welded, lead-by-lead, to the tops of the weld pins. After welding, extra lead material is trimmed away. Circuit connections are made using #30 AMG nickel weld wire. The wire is welded to the pin surfaces on the board backside. All wire welds are done using a machine which is tape driven, thus eliminating the possibility of miswiring due to operator error. All wiring & circuit performance is tested prior to box-level installation. After successful testing, components are staked as required

The board is inserted in the box on card-edge guides, in the same manner as the other

perimeter. Four of these mounting screws also pass through and tie down the smaller A7-B board. These two boards are mounted face-to-face, separated by the standoffs. Electrical interconnections are achieved by jumper wires between the two boards. The A7-A houses a 34-pin connector which brings in power and signals from outside the

The A7 module includes these two boards as well as power transistor Q4. The module housing is bent aluminum sheet, comprised of two halves screwed together. The boards and Q4 are secured to the lower half, and wired together. Then the upper half is put in place. By mounting Q4 directly to the aluminum housing, good thermal performance is assured.

The Al, A2, A4, A5, A6, boards are secured in the electronics assembly by gold-plated beryllium copper card guides. Connections are made to the mother board with blind-mated connectors. Disengagement during launch is prevented by a cover which spans the board's free edge.

			REVISED 11-3-8
FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE The Al3 assembly is a temperature compensated voltage controlled crystal oscillator (TCVCXO) that is purchased to a specification controlled drawing that establishes the requirements for performance, design, test, and qualification of the unit. The product assurance provisions of the document contain the identical requirements for electronic parts and materials as the Shuttle CCTV program and must receive the approval of RCA and NASA-JSC. Mechanical and electrical integrity of the assembly is confirmed by both analysis (design reviews) and test (qualification and acceptance). QUALIFICATION TEST For Qualification Test flow, see Table 2 located at the front of this book.	
Oscillator/Oriver. 2294886-503 13 Master Oscillator 2295527-1			

SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. 2294819-506. 508/ FMEA NO. 2.2.5 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET OF CRITICALITY _ 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE (1) No Pan Tilt Motion ACCEPTANCE TEST TVC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the The CCTV systems' TVC/CLA is subjected directly, without vibration isolators which focus, zoom, iris. uplink might be used in their normal installation, to the following testing: (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. TVC 3 dB/Ogt-rise from 0.01 G²/Hz Vibration: 20-80Hz: Al Command Detector. 0.04 G²/Hz 80-350 Hz: Sync Stripper. Worst Case: 350-750 Hz: -3 dB/10 Oct-slope Loss of mission critical Clack Divider Chain. Test Duration: 1 Minute per Axis video due to inability Sync Generator. Test Level: 6.1 Grms to position camera for 2294880-504 desired FOV. A2 Command Decode Logic. • Thermal Vacuum: In a pressure of 1×10^{-5} Torr, the temperature shall be as Command Execution Logic. fallows: Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 125° F: Time to stablize equipment plus 1 hour A4 Sync/CMD Rovr. 25° F: Time to stablize equipment plus 1 hour 2294884-503 125° F: Time to stablize equipment plus I hour A5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 The TVC/CLA may not have been subjected to the vacuum condition. A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. for Acceptance Test Flow, see Table 1 located at the front of this book. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary OPERATIONAL TEST Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 In order to verify that CCTV components are operational, a test must verify the Al3 Master Oscillator health of all the command related components from the PHS (A7A1) panel switch, 2295527-1 through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command decoder. The test must also verify the camera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video, and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test would be performed to verify the MDM command path. Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test 1. Power CCTV System. 2. Via the PHS panel, select a monitor as destination and the camera under test as source. 3. Send "Camera Power On" command from PHS panel. 4. Select "External Sync" on monitor. 5. Observe video displayed on monitor. Note that if video on monitor is synchronized (i.e., stable raster) then this indicates that the camera is receiving composite sync from the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized video. 6. Send Pag. Tilt. Focus. Zoom, DLR, AND Gamma commands and visually (either via the monitor or direct observation) verify operation. 7. Select downlink as destination and camera under test as source. 8. Observe video routed to downlink. 9. Send "Camera Power Off" command via PHS panel.

10. Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands via the MDM command path.

This proves that the CCTV equipment is operational.

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LINTT TVC/CLA 2294819-506, 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.5 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE O/A INSPECTION (1) No Pan Tilt Motion TVC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Lens Hotion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the Procurement Control - The TVC/CLA EEEParts and hardware items are procured from focus, zoom, iris. uplink approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirements set forth in the CCTV (3) Loss of high or low contract and Quality Plan Work Statement (WS-2593176). Resident DCAS personnel rate of travel for PTU. review all procurement documents to establish the need for GSI on selected parts Al Command Detector. (PAI 517). Sync Stripper. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. Incoming Inspection and Storage - Incoming Quality inspections are made on all video due to inability Sync Generator. received materials and parts. Results are recorded by lot and retained in file by to position camera for 2294880-504 drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. All EEE parts A2 Command Decode Logic. desired FOV. are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called for in PAI 315 - Incoming Command Execution Logic. Inspection Test Instructions. Incoming flight parts are further processed in Camera Timing Logic. accordance with RCA 1846684 - Preconditioning and Acceptance Requirements for 2294881-501 Electronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIND testing is not performed. A4 Sync/CMD Rovr. Mechanical items are inspected per PAI 316 - Incoming Inspection Instructions for 2294884-503 mechanical items, PAI 305 - Incoming Quality Control Inspection Instruction, and A5 Automatic Light Control. PAI 612 - Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchased Parts Designated for Flight 2294883-505 Use. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained A6 Power On/Off Switching. under specified conditions until fabrication is required. Non-conforming materials are Input Voltage Preregulator. held for Material Review Board (MRB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI IQC-531). Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Board Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of TVC or CLA board assembly, all items Oscillator/Driver. are verified to be correct by stock room personnel, as the items are accumulated to 2294886-503 form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by 13 Master Oscillator checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL). DCAS Mandatory Inspection Points 2295527-1 are designated for all printed circuit, wire wrap and welded wire boards, plus harness connectors for soldering wiring, crimping, solder splices and quality workmanship prior to coating of the component side of boards and sleeving of harnesses. TVC Boards Specific TVC board assembly and test instructions are provided in drawing notes, and applicable documents are called out in the Fabrication Procedure and Record (FPR-2294819) and parts list PL2294819. These include shuttle TVC assembly notes 2593660, Process Standard RTV-566 2280881, Process Standard - Bonding Velcro Tape 2280889. Specification Soldering 2280749, Specification Name Plate Application 1960167, Specification - Crimping 2280800, Specification - Bonding and Staking 2280878, Specification - Urethane coating 2280877, Specification - locking compound 2026116. Specification Epoxy Adhesive 2010985. Specification - Marking 2280876. Specification - Workmanship 8030035, Specification - Bonding and Staking 2280875.

CRITICALITY 2/2 CATHER MORE AND FAILURE EFFECT		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 7 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE TVC/CLA does not respond to any command via the A7 panel on the uplink IVC Al Command Detector. Sync Stripper. Clock Divider Chain. Sync Generator. 2294880-504 A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 A4 Sync/CMD Rcvr. 2294884-503 A5 Automatic Light Control. 2294884-505 A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Oriver. 2294886-503 A13 Master Oscillator 2295527-1	ON END ITEM (1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., focus, zoom, iris. (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video due to inability to position camera for desired FOV.	Q/A INSPECTION (Continued) IVC Assembly and Iest - An open box test is performed acceptance Test per TP-AT-2294819, including vibration are specified and witnessed, traceability numbers are reare checked prior to use. RCA Quality and DCAS inspectional processed pro	per TP-IT-2294819, and an and thermal vacuum. Torques ecorded and calibrated tools ions are performed at the th PAI-204, PAI-205, PAI 206 critical torquing. has been tested individually, per TP-AT-2294819, including S personnel monitor these tests sonnel also inspect for conductor to shipment after according to CCTV Letter 8011 g guidelines. All related ABPL, Test Data, etc., is ecifically to each assembly. ared for each assembly in and DCAS personnel witness

SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. <u>2294819-506.508/</u> FMEA NO. __2.2.5____ 2294821-503_ CRITICAL ITEMS LIST 8 OF <u>9</u> CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (1) No Pan Tilt Motion TVC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the TDR - W2644 - Log #0462, TVC S/N F003-502 focus, zoom, iris. uplink TDR - H2640 - Log #0463, TVC S/N F003-502 (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. <u>Description</u>: Integration Testing Failure Al Command Detector. Box Level Worst Case: Sync Stripper. Thermal-Vac Hot Environment Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. video due to inability Sync Generator. No video from TVC. +28 yolt current at 1.5 Amp limit. (30 minutes into thermal to position camera for 2294880-504 vac hot test cycle -105°F) desired FOV. A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Cause: Short in A7 low voltage power supply. (High voltage winding of Camera Timing Logic. transformer) 2294881-501 A4 Sync/CMD Rcvr. Corrective Action: Removed and replaced transformer (sent to vendor for analysis). 2294884-503 Short due to a pin-hole in magnet wire insulation. A5 Automatic Light Control. future transformers to be purchased per revised spec control drawing ECN CCTV 2294883-505 649(83028). A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. TDR - W2739 - Log #0485 TVC S/N 009-502 Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Description: Pre-Launch Failure Oscillator/Oriver. Box Level Test 2294886-503 Ambient Environment 13 Master Oscillator Problem report VSCS-201-0093 visual inspection of unit at KSC revealed a 2295527-1 recessed pin 31 in the J1 connector. Cause: Error in manufacturing of the connector pin. It is 0.035" shorter in length than other pins in connector. Corrective Action: Remove and replace pin 31 in J1 connector. Test pins ability to lock into mating connector. Perform contact retention test to insure pin is locking as required. Inspect to insure pin is not pushed out of place. TDR - W2740 - Log #0486 - TVC S/N 008-502 Description: Pre-Launch Test Failure Box Level Ambient Environment REF: VJCS-2-01-0097 unit returned from KSC. Power was applied to wrong pins. (+28V).

TVC/CLA 2294819-506, 508/ DWG NO. SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.5 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET <u>8A</u> OF _ CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON ENO ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (1) No Pan Tilt Motion TVC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Leas Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the Cause: Incorrect wiring of shuttle craft harness, put +28V to J1-10 and focus, zoom, iris. uplink RTN to J1-9. (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. TVC Corrective Action: Wiring of shuttle harness to be repaired by responsible Al Command Detector. organization. Failure analysis performed and corrective action taken on TVC Worst Case: Sync Stripper. S/N 008. A6 board-failure analysis indicated the following parts are to be Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. changed. Q1, Q3, Q12, CR3, CR6, and R51 were replaced. video due to inability Sync Generator. to position camera for 2294880-504 TDR - W8024 - Log #0530 - TVC S/N 007-502 desired FOV. A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Description: Acceptance Test Failure Camera Timing Logic. Anx Level 2294881-501 Thermal Vac - Hot Environment. A4 Sync/CMD Rovr. TVC drawing excessive current, >1.5A. Failure occurred at +1250f. 2294884-503 A5 Automatic Light Control. Cause: Capacitor C10 on the A6 board was found to be shorted. A large quantity 2294883-505 of solder flowed inside from sleeve thru header. A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Corrective Action: Capacitor C10 removed & replaced, (random part failure). Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary TDR - W6823 - Log #558 - TVC S/N 012-502 Oscillator/Driver. Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 009-502 2294886-503 Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 002-502 113 Master Oscillator Y1771 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 009-502 2295527-1 Y1770 - Log #567 - TVC S/N 014-502 Y1770 - Log #567 - TVC S/N 010-502 Y1770 - Log #568 - TVC S/N 017-502 W1729 - Log #578 - TVC S/N 020-502 <u>Description</u>: Flight Failure, Spacecraft Level RMS TV Camera circuit breaker popped open during flight mission STS-3. Cause: Camera low voltage supply has erratic syncronization mode at low temperature. Corrective Action: All flight cameras were returned under CCA35 for rework and retest to ECN C-1881. ECN (C-1881) to the low voltage power supplies eliminates the erratic syncronization problem. TVC group part no. has been changed from 2294819-502 to 504 to denote cameras that contain low voltage power supply modification.

TVC/CLA

DWG NO. <u>2294819-506.508/</u> SHUTTLE CCTV FMEA NO. 2.2.5 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET <u>88</u> OF __ CRITICALITY __2/2_ FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY (1) No Pan Tilt Motion VC/CLA does not respond to any (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the TOR - Y1773 - Log #0570 - TVC S/N 008-502 focus, zoom, iris. ıplink (3) Loss of high or low Description: Flight Failure rate of travel for PTU. Spacecraft Level (STS-3) 1 Command Detector. Worst Case: Sync Stripper. TVC not synchronized for approximately 38 minutes. Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. This problem occured at cold temperature. video due to inability Sync Generator. Synchronization was regained at 2°C. to position camera for 2294880-504 desired FOV. 2 Command Decode Logic. Cause: Loss of phase lock due to thermal assymetry of the 3.58 MHz Phase Command Execution Logic. detector. Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 Corrective Action: CCA 39 has been issued directing RCA to incorporate the 14 Sync/CMD Rovr. heater and sync modifications (ECN CCT 838) to all flight camera's. TVC 008 2294884-503 was modified accordingly. TVC group number has been updated from group 502 to 506. 5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 TDR - Y1779 - Log #576 - TVC S/N 014-502 16 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Description: Flight failure (STS-3) Output Voltage Regulators. Spacecraft Level 17 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. TDR was opened to follow relay K1 - contacts 5 and 8 failure on ass'y 2294886-503 2294885-501 S/N F018. 13 Master Oscillator 2295527-1 Cause: TVC low voltage power supply has erratic synchronization at low temperature. Relay failure result of excessively high current through contacts 5 and 8 during reset command. Corrective Action: Removed and replaced K1 on the A6 board. Low voltage power supply was reworked to ECN-C1881. Refer to TDR W6823 for complete history of erratic synchronization problem. TDR - W6859 - Log #0695 - TVC S/N 024-506 Description: Pre-Launch Test failure Box Level Ambient Environment Automatic Iris goes from open to close. Cause: Problem could not be duplicated after extensive testing. Corrective Action: None - unit returned to KSC.

TYC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ SHUTTLE CCTV 2294821-503 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST SHEET <u>8C</u> OF _ CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE EFFECT FAILURE MODE AND RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ON END ITEM CAUSE FAILURE HISTORY TVC/CLA does not respond to any (1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., command via the A7 panel on the TDR - W6870 - Log #0722 - TVC S/N 028-506 focus, zoom, iris. uplink (3) Loss of high or low <u>Oescription</u>: Acceptance Test Failure rate of travel for PTU. Ambient Environment Al Command Detector. Box Level Test Worst Case: Sync Stripper. Approximately 47 seconds after initial turn on, the iris close command would be Loss of mission critical Clock Divider Chain. generated by TVC. video due to inability Sync Generator. to position camera for 2294880-504 Cause: Internal short in the high voltage power supply (S/N 2046), which desired FOV. A2 Command Decode Logic. generated spikes on the POR Line. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. Corrective Action: H.V.P.S. removed from TVC and new H.V.P.S. installed. 2294881-501 Tests indicated problem solved. Power supply returned to vendor for Evaluation. A4 Sync/CMD Rovr. Refer to TDR W1735, Log #723. 2294884-503 The problem was attributed to improper lead dress of high voltage terminal. A5 Automatic Light Control. These leads have been rerouted and extra insulation added at the HV terminal 2294883-505 for all new built units. A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. TDR - W1760 - Log #0838 - TVC S/N 026-506 Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Description: Flight Failure, Spacecraft Level Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 During the flight operations, one time when crew turned camera on they had no 113 Master Oscillator control of ALC and Gamma functions. 2295527-1 Problem resolved itself by recycling power. Cause: After numerous operators, the reported condition was duplicated on test set. After initial turn on, camera would not except ALC, and Gamma commands. It was found that the output of U33 Pin 6 CMD F.F. reset on A2 board was set in a high state. This should normally have been reset low by either "POR" or bit count 88 pulses, after initial power turn-on. Suspect devices A2 - U26, U66, U67, and U68. Corrective Action: Removed and replaced the following parts on the A2 Board U26, U66, U67, and U68. Lab analysis did not indicated any defect with removed parts. Problem has not recurred after new parts were installed.

FMEA NO. 2.2.5 CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND	FAILURE EFFECT	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT TVC/CLA DWG NO. 2294819-506, 508/ 2294821-503 SHEET 80 OF 9
TVC/CLA does not respond to any command via the A7 panel on the uplink IVC Al Command Detector. Sync Stripper. Clock Divider Chain. Sync Generator. 2294880-504 A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic. Camera Timing Logic. 2294881-501 A4 Sync/CMD Rcvr. 2294884-503 A5 Automatic Light Control. 2294883-505 A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Prergulator. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503 A13 Master Oscillator 2295527-1	(1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., focus, zoom, iris. (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. Morst Case: Loss of mission critical video due to inability to position camera for desired FOV.	FAILURE HISTORY TOR - A3939 - Log #0954 - TVC S/N 031-506 Description: Flight Failure, Spacecraft Level STS-14 Problem report PV6-004037 No video output Cause: Defective Relay K-1 on the A6 Board. Corrective Action: Cause due to a foreign conduct lodged between relay leads and board P.C. traces. assurance lab for analysis, report #A3909. Numera found, none of which were critical. TOR - 8-3521 - Log #1165 - TVC S/N 038-508 Description: Acceptance Test Failure Box Level Thermal Vac - Hot Environment Excessive supply current, lost all DLR/camera light fause: Shorted capacitor C14 on A6 board. Corrective Action: C14 removed and replaced with lab could not find a cause for shorted cap. (Report Considered random failure.	tive particle temporarily Relay K-1 sent to product ous discrepancies were hts and output video information. new capacitor. Product assurance

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FMEA NO	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM (1) No Pan Tilt Motion (2) No Lens Motion, i.e., focus, zoom, iris. (3) Loss of high or low rate of travel for PTU. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video due to inability to position camera for desired FOV.	SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE OPERATIONAL EFFECTS Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission objectives due to loss of RMS cameras or other required cameras. CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RMS operations using alternative visual cues. CREW IRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible alternatives to CCTV. MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible, procedures should be designed so they can be accomplished without CCTV.		
		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
CAUSE TURNET TO THE TOTAL TO TH	(1) No Pan Tilt Motion			
TVE/CLA does not respond to any	(2) No Lens Motion, i.e.,	1	to to loss of DMC compage	
focus, zoom, iris.		Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission objection other required cameras.	AGE GRE CO 1022 OF KUS CONFIGS	
Al Command Detector.	_	CREW ACTIONS		
Sync Stripper. Clock Divider Chain. Sync Generator. 2294880-504 A2 Command Decode Logic. Command Execution Logic.	Loss of mission critical	If possible, continue RMS operations using alternative	visual cues.	
	to position camera for		•	
	desiled lov.	Crew should be trained to use possible alternatives to CCTV.		
	i	MISSION CONSTRAINT		
A4 Sync/CMD Revr. 2294884-503			can be accomplished without	
2294883-505 A6 Power On/Off Switching. Input Voltage Preregulator. Output Voltage Regulators. A7 DC-DC Converter Primary Oscillator/Driver. 2294886-503		В		
Al3 Master Oscillator	1			
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