SPAR - BRAMPTON (SSS)

9445 AIRPORT RD

Critical Items List

SRMS

CIL Ref#: 3081

Revision: 0

FMEA Rev: 0

BRAMPTON ONTARIO L654J3

System: SRMS

Subsystem: ELECTRICAL SUB-SYSTEM

Assembly Desc: Servo Power Amplifier

Part Number(s): 51140F1177-3

51140F1177-5

Item:

Function: Motor Drive Amplifler Assembly

Provides motor voltage based on demand from tachometer electronics.

Commutates the motor drive voltage. Provides hardware current limiting, brake drive, direct drive functions and enables backup drive. Provides BITE circuits and

BITE verification for MDA.

Failure Mode: Brake failed ON in Computer Supported Mode.

NW Func. Screen Failures

Criticality: 2 1R

Mission Phase: Orbit

Cause(s): Motor Drive Amplifier Assembly

Loss of brake bus voltage.

Failure effect on unit/and Item;

Brake will come on for failed joint. Brake BITE will detect and apply MCIU autobrakes for the remaining joints. No effect in direct drive or

backup.

Worst Case: Unexpected motion. Frozen joint. Autobrakes.

edundant Paths: Autobrakes (to Sate the System).

Direct Drive. Backup Drive.

etention Rationale

Design:

Discrete semiconductor devices are specified to at least the TX level of MIL-S-19500. Samples of all produced lors/date codes are subjected to destructive physical analysis (DPA) to verify the Integrity of the manufacturing processes. Particle Impact Noise Detection (PIND) screening is performed on microcircuits, translator and diodes that are mounted in a package with an internal cavity construction. The purpose of the test is to detect loose particles in the package, usually resulting from the ascernibly process. Device stress levels are denoted in accordance with SPAR-RMS-PA.003 and verified by design review.

The SPA board is fabricated using Sufface Mount Technology (SMT). This is a PWB assembly lechnology in which the components are soldered to the solder pade on the surface of the PWB. The significant advantage of this technology is to enable the parts on the board to be more densely packed, to reduce to overall volume and weight of the assembly.

The assembly process is highly automated. The parts are mounted on the boards using a computer controlled "pick and place" machine. The subsequent soldering operation is performed using a belt furnisce, in which the time and temperature thermal profes that the PVVB assembly is exposed to is tightly controlled and optimized to ensure proper part soldering attachment. The assembly is manufactured under documented procedures and quality controls. These controls are exercised throughout the assembly, inspection and testing of the unit. This inspection includes workmanship, component mounting, soldering, and conformal coating to ensure that it is in accordance with the NH8 5300 standards.

The SMT line used for the SPA PWB assembly has undergone a full qualification program, and assembles produced on this line are used in other space programs.

The circuit board design has been reviewed to ensure adequate conductor width and separation and to confirm appropriate dimensions of solder pads and of component hold provisions. Parts mounting methods are controlled in accordance with MSFC-STD-154A, MSFC-STD-136 and SASD 2573751. These documents require approved mounting methods, stress relief and component security.

Test:

QUALIFICATION TESTS - The SPA is subjected to the following qualification testing:
VIBRATION: Each axis of the QM is subjected to Flight Acceptance Vibration Test (FAVT), Qualification Acceptance Vibration Test (QAVT),

epared: 188ep96 by Fung, Bill RMS/FLEC - 755 Supersedes: N/A

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and Qualification Vibration Tests (QVT) In accordance with the SPA Vibration Test Procedure (826586). The level and duration for FAVT per Figure 5 and Table 2 of 826586; the level and duration for QAVT is a6 per Figure 7 and Table 2 of 826586; the level and duration for QAVT is a6 per Figure 8 and Table of 626585. At the end of the three successive random vibration test in each axis, both directions (*/-) of each of ***.

THERMAL/VACUUM: OM TVAC Test is in accordance with Figure 5 of the SPA TVAC Test Procedure (825588), with full Functional/Parametric Test performed at levels of +80 degrees C and -36 degrees C, and non-operating at -54 degrees C. The Qualification vacuum levels during TVAC is 1X10**-6 torr or less. The total test duration is 7 1/2 cycles. The QM SPA is subjected to a minimum of 1000 hours of life testing and 1000 power On-Off cycles.

EMC: The QM is subjected to EMC Testing (tests CE01/CE03, CE07, CS01, CS02, CS05, RE02, RS02, and RS03) in accordance with the SPA EMC test Procedure (826477) based on MIL-STD-451A.

UNIT FLIGHT ACCEPTANCE TESTS - The FM SPA is subjected to the following acceptance testing:

VIBRATION: FM Acceptance Vibration Test (AVT) in accordance with the SPA Vibration Test Procedure (826586), with level and duration as per Figure 5 and Table 2 of 826586.

THERMAL/VACUUM: FM TVAC Test is in accordance with Figure 8 of the SPA TVAC Test Procedure (826588), with levels of +49 degrees and -25 degrees C for a duration of 1 1/2 cycles. The vacuum levels during Acceptance TVAC Test is 1X10**-5 torrior less.

JOINT SRU TESTS - The SPA is tested as part of the joints (ambient and vibration tests only). The ambient ATP for the Shoulder Joint, Elbow Joint, and Wrist Joint are as per ATP.2001, ATP.2003, and ATP.2006 respectively. The vibration test for the Shoulder Joint, and Elbow or Wrist Joint are as per ATP.2002, ATP.2004 and ATP.2006 respectively. Through wire function, continuity and electrical isolation tests are performed per TP.283.

MECHANICAL ARM REASSEMBLY - The SPA's/Joints undargo a mechanical arm integration stage where electrical checks are performe per TP.2007.

MECHANICAL ARM TESTING - The outgoing split-arm is configured on the Strongback and the Manipulator Arm Checkout is performed per ATP.1932.

FLIGHT CHECKOUT: PDRS OPS Checkout (all vehicles) JSC 16987.

Inspection:

Units are manufactured under documented quality controls. These controls are exercised throughout design procurement, planning, receiving, processing, fabrication, assembly, testing and shipping of the units. Mandatory inspection posits are employed at various stages fabrication, assembly, and test. Government source inspection is invoked at various control levels.

EEE parts inspection is performed as required by SPAR-RMS-PA.003. Each EEE part is qualified at the part level to the requirements of the applicable specification. AR EEE parts are 100% screened and burned-in, as a minimum, as required by SPAR-RMS-PA.003, by the supplier. DPA is performed as required by PA.003 on a randomly selected 5% of parts, maximum 5 pieces, minimum 3 pieces for each lot number/date code of parts received. All cavity devices are subjected to 100% PIND. Wire is procured to specification MIL-W-22759 or MIL-W-81381 and inspected and tested to NASA JSCM8080 Standard Number 95A.

Receiving Inspection verifies that all parts received are as identified in the procurement documents, that no physical damage has occurred to parts during shipment, that the receiving documents provide adequate traceability information and screening data clearly identifies acceptable parts.

Parts are inspected throughout manufacture and assembly as appropriate to the manufacturing stage completed. These inspections include: Printed circuit board inspection for track separation, damage and adequacy of plated through holes, component mounting inspection for correct soldering, wire looping, strapping, etc. Operators and inspectors are trained and certified to NASA NHB 5300.4(3A-1) Standard. Conformal coating inspection for adequate processing is performed using ultraviolet light bechniques. P.C. Board installation inspection include checks for correct board installation, alignment of boards, proper connector contact mating, wire routing, strapping of wires etc. Post P.C. Board installation inspection includes cleantiness and workmanchip (Spar/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

Unit Pra-Acceptance Test inspection, which includes an audit of lower fler inspection completion, as built configuration verification to as design etc (mandatory inspection point). A unit Test Readiness Review (TRR) which includes verification of test personnel, test documents, test equipment calibration/validation status and hardware configuration is convened by QA in conjunction with Engineering, Reliability, Configuration Control, Supplier as applicable, and the government representative, prior to the start of any formal testing (Acceptance or Qualification). Unit level Acceptance Testing (ATP) includes ambient performance, thermal and vibration testing (Spar/government representative) inspection point).

Integration of unit to Joint SRU - Inspections include grounding checks, connectors for bent or pushback contacts, visual, cleanliness, interconnect wiring and power up test to the appropriate Joint Inspection Test Procedure (ITP). Joint level Pre-Acceptance Test Inspection, includes an audit of lower tier inspection completion, as built configuration verification to as design etc. Joint level Acceptance Testing (ATP) includes ambient and vibration testing (Spar/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

Mechanical Arm Reassembly - the integration of mechanical arm subsessembliss to form the assembled arm. Inspections are performed at each phase of integration which includes electrical chacks, through wiring checks, wiring routing, interface connectors for bent or pushback contacts etc. Mechanical Arm Testing - Strongback and flat floor embient performance test (Span/government rep. mandatory inspection point).

OMRSD Offline: Power-up arm. Select Computer Supported mode and verify no Stake BITE errors.

OMRSD Online None. Installation:

Prepared:

188ep96 by Fung, Bill

RMS/ELEC - 756 Supersedas: N/A

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OMRSD Online Power-up arm. Select Computer Supported mode and verify no Brake SITE errors. Turnaround:

Screen Fallure: A: Pass

B: Pass

C: Page

Craw Training: The craw will be trained to always observe whether the sim is responding properly to commands. If it isn't, apply brakes.

Crew Action: Select Direct Drive. Single/Direct Drive switch should be pulsed to maintain proper rates.

Operational Effect: Cannot use computer supported modes. Autobrakes, Direct Crive and Seckup available. Arm will not stop automatically if failure of the auto

brakes system has previously occurred. Brakes can be applied manually.

Mission Operate under vernier rates within approximately 10 ft of structure. The operator must be able to detect that the arm is responding property to

Constraints: commands via window and/or CCTV views during all arm operations. Auto trajectories must be designed to come no closer than approximately 5 ft from atructure.

pprovals;					
unctional Group	Name	Position	Telephone	Date Signed	Status
ngineer	Hitts, Michael / SPAR-BRAMPTON	Systems Engineer	4834	06Mar98	
eliabdity	Molgrard, Lena / SPAR-BRAMPTON	Reliability Engineer	4590		Signed
rogram Management Offic		Technical Program Manager	4892	06Mar98	Signed
ubsystem Manager	Glenn, George / JSC-ER	•		06Mar98	Signed
echnical Manager	_	RMS Subsystem Manager	(281) 483-1516	30Mar98	Signeo
	Allison, Ron / JSC-MV6	RMS Project Engineer JSC	(713) 483-4072	09Apr98	Signed
	A				

ETT MISSION ASSURANCE COAN DAVID KIK-NGG RAS SIMA ENGINEER (24) 413-3819 30 AK91 12-16.60