

C21  
EMI CRITICAL ITEMS RISP

Page: 1  
Date: 01/06/98

NAME P/N REV	COFF	FAILURE MODE & CAUSES	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	09/01/89 SUPERSEDED	ANALYSIS
					/	/
ELectrical harness ASSEMBLY F100 429	2/2	421100P; Electrical short, volt power sense line.	EMI items: Excessive current will be drawn from vehicle.	A. Design - The cable/connector interfaces on either end of the electrical harness are strain relieved to prevent excessive conductor bends and possible shorting. The multiple connector and its housing are riveted with RIV and is captured within a metal housing. The vehicle connector utilizes a metal strain relief type bushing. The circuit wall and SOT connector interfaces have rubber seals to prevent contamination from entering after being mated together. The wire is #20 AWG, teflon coated to provide the required insulation resistance. Conductors are tied together at 1-2 inch intervals and sheathed in a cloth outer layer to hold cable together so they share my bending and to prevent impact or abrasion of conductors.		
9V770763-3 (1)		Causes: Cable chafing against connector shott or shield. Improper connector strain relief.	SOT INTERFACE: Current Limiter will open vehicle power circuit. EMI will not operate from vehicle power on faculty 300.	B. Test - Component Acceptance Test - Insulation resistance and isolation resistance tests are performed per 8V770763-3 Operation Sheets Ops 110 and 120 respectively. The insulation resistance test verifies that there is a minimum of 100 megohm resistance between any current carrying conductor and the harness shell at 500 VDC. The isolation resistance test verifies that the minimum resistance between each current carrying conductor and every other current carrying conductor is 5 megohm at 50 VDC. These tests ensure no conductor is shorted to any other conductor or to the harness shell, and that no conductor has insulation damage.		
		Observations: None.	Intake: Loss of use of one IMU.	PCB Test - Insulation resistance and isolation resistance tests, identical to the above component tests, are performed per 8MMU-00-009.		
				Certification Test - This item completed the 15 year structural vibration and shock certification requirement during 10/83. Engineering change 42008-121 (Definition of Mechanically locked enclosure) has been incorporated and deemed to have no impact on certification since this configuration was certified.		

EMU  
EMU CRITICAL ITEMS LIST

PAGE: 2  
DATE: 12/20/89

NAME	FAILURE	MODE S	CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT	REASONS FOR ACCEPTANCE
CRM	FAILURE	MODE S	CAUSE	CRM	422FM071

2/2

C. Inspection -  
Final inspection of the harness assembly checks the face of the connector for conductive contaminants.  
Visual inspection of conductors prior to potting operations to insure there are no damaged conductors and that the conductors are properly routed.  
In-process electrical checkout of harness before and after potting to insure there are no short circuits.  
Visual inspection of the conductors prior to assembly of outer sheath to insure there are no damaged conductors to cause a short circuit.

D. Failure History -  
None.

E. Ground Turnaround -  
Tested per IFRU-R-001, Orbiter Power Interface and Charging System Functional Check.

F. Operational Use -  
Crew Response - Pre/PostEMU troubleshooting problem. If no success, discontinue use of SCU power function. Operate EMU on battery power. Consider in-suit battery swap using spare battery(ies).  
Training - Standard EMU training covers this failure mode.  
Operational Considerations - At least one spare EMU battery is manifested for each flight. EMU checklist procedures verify hardware integrity and system operational status prior to EMU.

Change 3  
Page 1 of 2  
12/20/89